

Bloodless Medicine and Surgery Program (BMSP)

Pre-operative Anemia Management

T	Pre-operative Timing	TTT	Iron Therapy: Oral vs. Intravenous (IV)			
1.	 A. For elective surgeries, a three-to-four week lead time is ideal to initiate hemoglobin optimization. 	111.	A. Oral iron provides a low-cost treatment for anemia. Absorption, tolerance, and time are major issues in many patients.			
	B. Once a week treatments begin three weeks out from surgery.		B. IV iron is safe, cost-effective, and more efficient than oral iron. A			
	C. First dose is given 21 days prior to surgery, 14 days, and 7 days. This allows optimal time for each regimen to take effect.		visit to the infusion clinic is required and may be inconvenient for certain patients.			
	D. An additional treatment may be scheduled for the day before surgery, which will provide coverage up to four days post- operatively.		C. IV iron allows for rapid replenish of iron stores especially for patients non-responsive to oral iron and those with severe iron deficiency.			
	E. For more urgent surgeries (14 days or less) a more intense optimization regimen is initiated. In such cases daily		 D. Dosing is based on total iron deficit (see box below Calculating Iron Deficit). 			
	treatments up to 10 days before surgery can be initiated.		E. For some, optimization can be achieved with IV iron alone.			
		171	Erythropoietin Stimulating Agents (ESA)			
II.	Classification of Anemia	VI.	A. In the U.S. rHuEPO use has been approved for patients			
	A. The WHO classification of anemia is based upon gender:		undergoing elective orthopedic surgery and has been extended			
	Male Hb < 13.0 g/dl		B. Off-label use of rHuEPO has been suggested for cardiac or			
	Female Hb < 12.0 g/dl		gastrointestinal cancer resection.			
	B. For surgical patients a more appropriate concept is defining the patient's hemoglobin as either optimal or suboptimal		C. Dosing for epoietin alfa has not been standardized. Two common dosing regimens are 300 IU kg ¹ day ¹ for daily use			
	based upon the complexity of the surgery and degree of blood loss expected.		and 600 IU kg ¹ for weekly use.			
	C. Regardless of gender, a Hb > 13.0 g/dl should be considered	Calculat	alculating Iron Deficit			
optimal.			Body weight (kg) x (150-Hb g.l ⁻¹) x $0.24 + 500$ mg = Total iron deficit			
NEED ASSISTANCE?			Simple formula based upon Hb and patient's body weight:			
MedStar Franklin Square Medical Center		Hb	Iron Dosing - Body Wt<70kg Iron Dosing - Body Wt>70kg			
Office (443) 777-8893 Nurse Coordinator pager (410) 932-8241		<7 g.d	dl ⁻¹ 1200 mg 1500 mg			

7-10 g.dl⁻¹

1000 mg

1200 mg

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MEDSTAR GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

Adult Pre-Operative Anemia Management

DATE:	TIME:	PROCEDU	JRE DATE:				
PATIENT NAME:			DOB:				
MRN:	CURRENT WEI	GHT:	kg (lb ÷ 2.2)				
DRUG ALLERGIES:		(CD10 Code:				
Baseline Lab Orders							
Hemoglobin:	g/dL	(Date: <u>/ /</u>)	(ICD 64.9; 50.9)				
Erritin:	ng/mL	(Date: <u>/ /</u>)	Anemia of Chronic Disease				
Transferrin Saturation (TS	Sat):%	(Date: / /)					
Indication							
Hemoglobin <13 mg/dL AND ONE OF THE BELOW:							
Serum ferritin <30 ng/mL OR TSat <20% (then treat with Iron IV)							
☐ Ferritin 30 to 500 ng/mL AND TSat <20% (then treat with Iron IV and EPO)							
☐ Hemoglobin <10 mg/dL <u>A</u>	ND Ferritin 30-500 ng/n	nL <u>AND</u> TSat >20%	(then treat with EPO only)				
Erythropoetic Stimulating Agent (ESA)							
Erythropoietin 600 Int. Units/kg subcutaneously x1 dose weekly							
Dose = Int. Units SQ x 1 (Maximum 80,000 Units)							
Iron Therany							
I Iron sucrose 100 mg over 15 minute normal infusion: given with each dose of eruthropoietin							
\Box from sucrose 200 mg to infuse over one (1) hour							
\Box Infed 1 000 mg to infuse over two (2) hours							
\square Feraheme 510 mg IV x 1 dose, then repeat after 24 hours							
Administration Dates							
/ / / / /	/ /	/ /					
Pretreatment for Iron Infusion (for history greater than one drug allergy, RAD, IBD, rheumatoid arthiritis or							
Famotidine 20 mg IV v 1 g	lose						
SELECT ONE: Methyloredr	isolone		25 mg IV x 1 dose if RAD				
Follow standard infusion center reaction protocol for infusion related reactions							
ir hypersensitivity reaction tote iron occurs, initiate hypersensitivity protocol							

Ordering MD:

Signature: